Cambridge International AS & A Level

CANDIDATE NAME				
CENTRE NUMBER		CANDIDATE NUMBER		

PHYSICS 9702/52

Paper 5 Planning, Analysis and Evaluation

February/March 2024

1 hour 15 minutes

You must answer on the question paper.

No additional materials are needed.

INSTRUCTIONS

- Answer all questions.
- Use a black or dark blue pen. You may use an HB pencil for any diagrams or graphs.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided.
- Do **not** use an erasable pen or correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.
- You should show all your working and use appropriate units.

INFORMATION

- The total mark for this paper is 30.
- The number of marks for each question or part question is shown in brackets [].

This document has 8 pages.

1 Fig. 1.1 shows a thin cylindrical metal rod of length *L*.

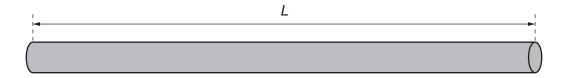


Fig. 1.1

One end of the rod is hit with a hammer. A stationary sound wave is set up within the rod. The rod vibrates at its resonant frequency *f*.

A microphone placed at the other end of the rod detects the sound wave emitted from the rod. The frequency of the detected sound is also f.

A number of rods of different length are available.

It is suggested that *f* is related to *L* by the relationship

$$2fL^n = \sqrt{\frac{E}{\rho}}$$

where ρ is the density of the metal, and E and n are constants.

Plan a laboratory experiment to test the relationship between *f* and *L*.

Draw a diagram showing the arrangement of your equipment.

Explain how the results could be used to determine values for E and n.

In your plan you should include:

- the procedure to be followed
- the measurements to be taken
- the control of variables
- the analysis of the data
- any safety precautions to be taken.

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Diagram

[15]

2 A student investigates an electrical circuit.

A power supply with negligible internal resistance is connected to six resistors, each of resistance *Z*, and a resistor of resistance *R*, as shown in Fig. 2.1.

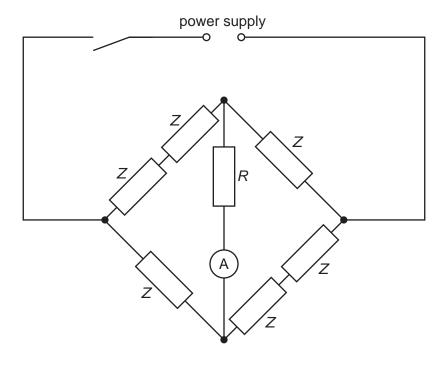


Fig. 2.1

The current measured by the ammeter is I.

The experiment is repeated for different values of *R*.

It is suggested that I and R are related by the equation

$$E = 3IR + 4IZ$$

where *E* is the electromotive force (e.m.f.) of the power supply.

(a) A graph is plotted of $\frac{1}{l}$ on the y-axis against R on the x-axis.

Determine expressions for the gradient and *y*-intercept.

 (b) Values of *R* and *I* are given in Table 2.1.

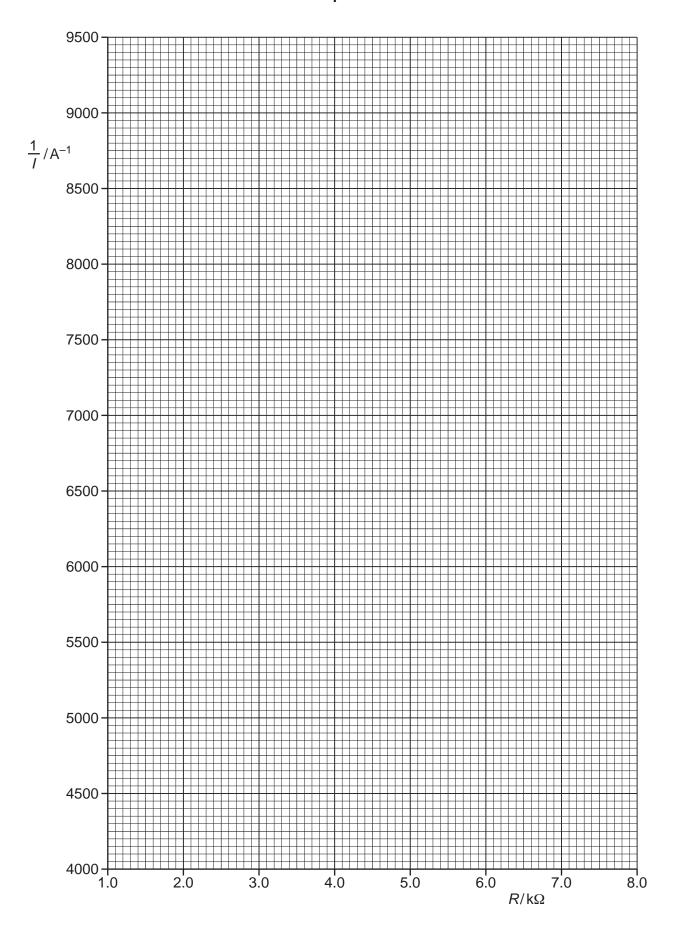
Table 2.1

R/kΩ	<i>Ι</i> /μΑ	$\frac{1}{I}/A^{-1}$
1.25	225 ± 5	
2.55	185 ± 5	
3.90	160 ± 5	
5.25	140 ± 5	
6.55	125 ± 5	
7.80	115 ± 5	

Calculate and record values of $\frac{1}{I}/A^{-1}$ in Table 2.1. Include the absolute uncertainties in $\frac{1}{I}$.

- (c) (i) Plot a graph of $\frac{1}{I}/A^{-1}$ against $R/k\Omega$. Include error bars for $\frac{1}{I}$. [2]
 - (ii) Draw the straight line of best fit and a worst acceptable straight line on your graph. Label both lines. [2]
 - (iii) Determine the gradient of the line of best fit. Include the absolute uncertainty in your answer.

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	(iv)	Determine the <i>y</i> -intercept of the line of best fit. Include the absolute uncertainty in your answer.
(d)	/i\	y-intercept =
(d)	(i)	Using your answers to (a), (c)(iii) and (c)(iv), determine the values of E and Z. Include appropriate units.
		E=
		Z=[2]
	(ii)	Determine the percentage uncertainty in Z.
		percentage uncertainty in Z =
(e)	The	e experiment is repeated. Determine the resistance R that gives a value of I of 0.10 mA.
		R = Ω [1]
		[Total: 15]

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